KONERU LAKSMAIAH ED UCATION FOUNDATION (KLEF) DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
M.Sc Applied Mathematics

2018-19


Applicable for students admitted into M.Sc., Program 2018-2019

# PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs) AND PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs) 

## PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

The objectives of the M.Sc program in Applied Mathematics are :

| 1. | To assimilate and understand a large body of complex concepts and their interrelationships. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. | Apply Advanced Mathematical Techniques to formulate, solve and analyze mathematical models of real life problems. |
| 3. | To identify and apply suitable computational mathematical tools and techniques to solve various complex Engineering problems and meaningful physical interpretation. |
| 4. | To Demonstrate, communicate, and work, with people having diversified backgrounds in individual and group settings, in an ethical and professional manner. |
| 5. | To maintain a core of mathematical and technical knowledge that is adaptable to changing technologies and provides a solid foundation for life long learning. |
| 6. | Promote interdisciplinary research among allied subjects related to applied mathematics |
| 7. | Use symbolic and numerical software as part of practical computation. |

## PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs):

Upon completion of the program, graduates will be able to

| 1. | To identify, formulate, abstract, and solve mathematical problems that use tools <br> from a variety of mathematical areas, including algebra, analysis, probability, <br> numerical analysis and differential equations |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. | The program prepares students for a variety of mathematical careers. The current <br> program has three identified tracks viz: Crypto graphy, Data analysis, Applied <br> Mechanics, and Ph.D preparation. Students should be prepared for employment <br> requiring mathematical skill and sophistication at the Master's level. |
| 3. | Apply mathematics and technology tools (MATLAB, R, MINITAB) to solve <br> problems. |
| 4. | Ability to do research in a particular topic agreed with a Supervisor, on which the <br> student publish a research paper in a peer reviewed indexed journal. |

## ACADEMIC RULES \& REGULATIONS FOR <br> M.Sc.(APPLIED MATHEMATICS) PROGRAM 2018-19

## ACADEMIC REGULATIONS FOR M.Sc.(APPLIED MATHEMATICS) PROGRAM

This document supplements the KLEF rules and regulations to provide assistance to all M.Sc. Applied Mathematics students. It is required that every individual has to abide by these regulations.

Note: The regulations stated in this document are subject to change or can be relaxed / modified without prior notice at the discretion of the Hon'ble Vice Chancellor.

## CHAPTER 1 <br> ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION INTO M.Sc. (APPLIED MATHEMATICS) PROGRAM

Candidates should have passed B.Sc. / B.Sc Honors from recognized Indian or foreign universities/institutions in respective discipline with minimum of $55 \%$ marks or equivalent CGPA. Furthermore, the candidates should have secured a qualifying rank in the PG entrance Examination i.e., KLEF Entrance /any other equivalent examination.

For foreign students who wish to study at the University, please refer to the "Foreign Student Admission Procedures" stated separately and comply with the study requirements of the Ministry of HRD, Govt. of India.

## CHAP TER 3 M.Sc.(APPLIED MATHEMATICS) PROGRAM ON OFFER

### 3.1 M.Sc. APPLIED MATHEMATICS PROGRAM

The students are admitted into the 2 year full time M. Sc Program

### 3.2 M.Sc. APPLIED MATHEMATICS DEGREE REQUIREMENTS

K L EF confers M. Sc. degree to candidates who are admitted in the Program and fulfills the following requirements for the award of the degree.

1. Must successfully earn minimum of 91 credits, as stipulated in the program structure.
2. Must successfully complete three (3) Elective Courses from the program with 9 credits.
3. Must successfully complete the Seminars .
4. Have participated in social service activities for a minimum duration of 20 hours.
5. Must successfully complete Dissertation.
6. Must have published a minimum of one publication (along with Supervisor) in Scopus indexed Journal.
7. Must have successfully obtained a minimum CGPA of 5.5 at the end of the program.
8. Must have finished all the above-mentioned requirements in two years from the period mentioned in the Academic structure of the program, which includes debarred period if any, from the University.

## CHAPTER 4

## M.Sc.(APPLIED MATHEMATICS) PROGRAM CURRICULUM

For an academic program the curriculum is the basic framework that will stipulate the credits, category, course code, course title, course delivery (Lectures / Tutorials / Lab / Project), in the choice based credit system.

### 4.1 PROGRAM STRUCTURE

a) Each Academic Year is divided into two semesters, each of, approximately, 18 weeks duration:

- Odd Semester (July - December).
- Even Semester (January - May)
b) All courses are categorized into three streams even, odd and dual semester courses.
c) Even semester courses are offered only during even semester i.e., January-May, Odd semester courses are offered only during odd semester i.e., July-December and dual semester courses are offered during both even \& odd semesters.
d) A Program is a set of courses offered by the University that a student can opt and complete certain stipulated credits to qualify for the award of a degree.
e) A student can opt for dissertation either by means of research at the University (or) through Internship at an Industry; this is however allowed during $3^{\text {rd }}$ (or) $4^{\text {th }}$ semesters only.


### 4.2 COURSE STRUCTURE

a. Every course has a Lecture-Tutorial-Practice-Skill (L-T-P-S) component attached to it.
b. Based upon the L-T-P-S structure the credits are allotted to a course using the following criteria.

- Every Lecture / Tutorial hour is equivalent to one credit.
- Every Practical hour is equivalent to half credit.
- Every skill-based practice hour is equivalent to quarter credit.
- If the calculated value of credit is a fraction, it is rounded to the next integer.

| Semester-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S\# | Year | Semester | Course Code | Course Title | L | T | P/S | Cr | CH |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 18 AM1101 | Real Analysis | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 18 AM1102 | Ordinary Differential <br> Equations | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 18 AM1103 | Numerical Methods | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 18 AM1104 | Complex Analysis | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 5 | 1 | 1 | 18 AM1105 | Mathematical Statistics | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 6 | 1 | 1 | 18 AM1106 | Seminar-1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 |


| Semester-2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S\#\# | Year | Semester | Course Code | Course Title | L | T | P/S | Cr | CH |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 18 AM1206 | Topology | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 18 AM1207 | Abstract Algebra | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 3 | 1 | 2 | 18 AM1208 | Transform Techniques | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | 1 | 2 | 18 AM1209 | Discrete Mathematics | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 5 | 1 | 2 | 18 AM1210 | Introduction to Computer <br> Programming | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 6 | 1 | 2 | $18 A M 1211$ | Seminar-2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 |


| Semester-3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S\#\# | Year | Semester | Course Code | Course Title | L | T | P/S | Cr | CH |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 18AM2111 | Partial Differential <br> Equations | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | 2 | 1 | 18 AM2112 | Continuum Mechanics | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 3 | 2 | 1 | $18 A M 2113$ | Data Structures | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 4 | 2 | 1 | $18 A M 2114$ | Functional analysis | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 5 | 2 | 1 |  | Elective-I | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 6 | 2 | 1 | $18 A M 2105$ | Seminar-3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| 7 | 2 | 1 | $18 A M 2101$ | Technical Skills | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | $\mathbf{4}$ |


| Semester-4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S\#\# | Year | Semester | Course <br> Code | Course Title | L | T | P/S | Cr | CH |
| 1 | 2 | 2 | 18AM2215 | Fluid Dynamics | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 18 AM2216 | Operation Research | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 3 | 2 | 2 |  | Elective-II | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 4 | 2 | 2 | Elective-III | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |  |
| 5 | 2 | 2 | 18 AM2226 | Dissertation with Research <br> Publication | 0 | 0 | 8 | 12 | 12 |

## List of Electives

| S. No | Subject Code | Subjects | L | T | P/S | Cr | CH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Elective-I |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 18AM2011 | Mathematical Control Theory | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | 18AM2012 | Statistical Inference | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | 18AM2013 | Database Management System | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
|  |  | Elective-II |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 18AM2021 | Fuzzy mathematics and applications | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | 18AM2022 | Advanced Numerical Analys is | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| 3 | 18AM2023 | Design and Analysis of Algorithms | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
|  |  | Elective-III |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 18AM2031 | Dynamical Systems | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | 18AM2032 | Number Theory | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 3 | 18AM2033 | Mathematical Modeling | 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 5 |

18AM1101 - Real Analysis

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 1.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM1101

| CO. No. | Course Outcome (CO) | PO/PSO | Blooms <br> Taxonomy <br> Level (B TL) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Describe the fundamental properties of the real numbers that lead to the formal development of real analysis. | PO2, <br> PO5, <br> PO6, <br> PO7 | 3 |
| CO2 | Demonstrate an perceptive of limits and how they are used in sequences, series, differentiation and integration | PO2, <br> PO5, <br> PO6, <br> PO7 | 3 |
| CO3 | Describe and apply the important properties of the limit and continuity and the differentiation and integration of the sequences and series of functions. <br> Explain the basic properties of the Riemann integration | PO2, <br> PO5, <br> PO6, <br> PO7 | 3 |
| CO4 | Determine the Riemann integrability of a bounded or unbounded function and prove a selection of theorems concerning integrations. | PO2, PO5, PO6, PO7 | 3 |

Real number system, Cauchy sequences, Darboux's theorem, Weierstrass approximation,

## Reimann integrals

## Syllabus

Real number system, ordering, bounded sets, order completeness axiom, mathematical induction, well ordering principle; Archimedian property, Dedekind's theorem, complete ordered field, limit point of a set, BolzanoWeierstrass theorem, open and closed sets, compact sets and Heine-Borel theorem.
Sequences, Cauchy's first and second limit theorems, Cauchy sequences, Cauchy criterion for convergent sequences, bounded and monotonic sequences, Euler's constant, subsequences, limit superior and limit inferior. Series of rea valued functions and their Tests for convergence. Limit and continuity, uniform continuity, monotonic functions, functions of bounded variation, absolutely continuous functions, Taylor's theorem (finite form), Lagrange's form of remainder.
Sequences and series of real valued functions, their point-wise, absolute and uniform convergence, Cauchy's genera principle of uniform convergence, continuity of the limit (sum) function, differentiation and integration of the sequences and series of functions, Weierstrass approximation theorem. Riemann integration, Darboux's theorem, necessary and sufficient conditions for integrability.
Functions defined by integrals, fundamental theorem of calculus, first and second mean value theorems of integral calculus. Improper Integrals: Introduction, Integration of unbounded functions with finite limit of Integration, comparison tests for convergence at a point infinity $\square$, infinite Range Integration.

Integral as a product of functions.

Suggested Books:

| S. No. | Author(s)/Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of <br> Publication |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | Royden. H.L. and Fitzpatrick. P.M., Real Analysis, Prentice Hall <br> India Pvt. Ltd. | 2010 |
| 2. | Apostol, T. M., Mathematical Analysis, Narosa <br> PublishingHouse. | 2002 |
| 3. | Lang. S., Real and Functional Analysis, Springer - Verlag. | 1993 |
| 4. | Rudin. W., Principles of MathematicalAnalysis, <br> McGraw-Hill Book Company. | 1976 |
| 5. | Goldberg, R.R., Methods of Real Analysis, Oxford and <br> IBH Publishing company Pvt. Ltd. | 1970 |

## 2018-19 M.Sc (Applied Mathematics Curriculum)

18AM1102-Ordinary Differential Equations

| L-T-P/S | $3-0-2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 5 |

Table 1.3 Course Outcomes of 18AM1102

| CO <br> No: | Course Outcomes | PO's/PSO's | BTL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CO 1 | Apply the existence and uniqueness conditions of solution of the <br> homogeneous/non-homogeneous differential equation and the system of <br> differential equations. | PO2, <br> PO3, <br> PS01 | 3 |
| CO 2 | Apply the power series method of solution to second order ODE arising in <br> mathe matical physics - Gauss hypergeometric, Hermit and Chebyshev <br> polynomials. | PO1, <br> PO2 <br> PS04 | 3 |
| CO 3 | Apply Green's function method to study behavior of the Boundary Value <br> Problems (BVP) for second order ODE. | PO2 <br> PS01 | 3 |
| CO 4 | Determine the oscillatory solutions of BVP and illustrate their qualitative <br> properties. | PO2, <br> PS04 | 3 |
| CO 5 | Verify the solution of the ODE through MATLAB. | PSO3 | 3 |

Existence, uniqueness of solutions of first order ODE, Power series, Boundary value problems, Oscillation
theory, Eigen values and Eigen functions.

## Syllabus

Existence, uniqueness and continuation of solutions of a differential equation and system of differential equations; Applications. Differential and integral inequalities. Fixed point methods. Linear systems, properties of homogeneous and non- homogeneous systems, behaviour of solutions of $\mathrm{n}^{\text {th }}$ order linear homogeneous equations.

Review of power series, Power series solution of second order homogeneous equations, ordinary points, regular singular points, solution of Gauss hypergeometric equations, Hermite and Chebyshev polynomials.

Boundary value problems for second order differential equations, Green's function and its applications. Eigen value problems, self adjoint form, Sturm-Liouvile problem and its applications.

Oscillation Theory and boundary value problems: Qualitative properties of solutions - The Sturm comparison theorem-Eigen values, Eigen functions and the vibrating string.

List of lab Experiments:

| Labsession No | Experiment | CO-Mapping |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Introduction to MATLAB. | CO1 |
| 2 | Solving first and second order ODE. | CO1 |
| 3 | Determine solutions of homogeneous system of ODE. | CO1 |
| 4 | Determine solutions of non-homo geneous system of ODE. | CO2 |
| 5 | Determine the singular and regular points of second order ODE. | CO2 |
| 6 | Determine Hermite and Chebyshev polynomials. | CO2 |
| 7 | Solutions of BVP for second order ODE. | CO3 |
| 8 | Solutions of Strum-Liouvile problem. | CO3 |
| 9 | Solution of BVP using Green's function. | CO3 |
| 10 | Oscillatory solutions of BVP. | CO4 |
| 11 | Determine the Eigen values and Eigen functions. | CO4 |
| 12 | Determine the solution of vibrating string. | CO4 |

## Suggested Books:

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { S. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Author(s) / Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of Publication |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Braun, M. "Differential Equations and Their Applications", $4^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Springer | 2011 |
| 2. | Brauer, F. and Nohel, J.A., "The Qualitative Theory of Ordinary Differential Equations", Dover Publications | 1989 |
| 3. | Coddington E.A., "Ordinary Differential Equations", Tata McGraw Hill | 2002 |
| 4. | Deo, S.G., Lakshmikantham, V., and Raghvendra, V.,"Text Book of Ordinary Differential Equations", $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., Tata McGraw Hill | 2010 |
| 5. | Simmons G.F., "Ordinary Differential Equations with Applications", Tata McGraw Hill | 2003 |

## 2018-19 M.Sc (Applied Mathematics Curriculum)

## 18AM1103 -Numerical Methods

| L-T-P/S | $3-0-2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 5 |

Table 1.4 Course Outcomes of 18AM1103

| CO <br> No: | Course Outcomes | PO's/PSO's | BTL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CO 1 | Identify the difference between solutions of system linear and roots of non-linear <br> equations by direct, bisection methods. | PO2, PO3, <br> PS01 | 3 |
| CO 2 | Construct the interpolation forward and backward tables and find the Eigen <br> values and vectors by using mat lab also. | PO1, PO2, <br> PS04 | 3 |
| CO 3 | Apply Numerical differentiation and integration proble ms for different methods <br> and find the values and compare the values by using mat lab also. | PO2, PS01 | 3 |
| CO 4 | Construct numerical solutions of first and second order ordinary differential <br> equations and compare the numerical values with mat lab also. | PO2, PS04 | 3 |
| CO 5 | Verify the solution of the N.M. through MATLAB. | PSO3 | 3 |

System of linear equations, Roots of non-linear equations, Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Interp olation Numerical differentiation, Numerical integration, Numerical solution of first and second order ordinary differential equations.

## Syllabus

Solution of system of linear equations: (i) Direct methods: Gauss elimination method without pivoting
and with pivoting, LU-decomposition method. (ii) Iterative methods: Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel methods. Roots of non-linear equations: Bisection method, Regula-Falsi method, Newton-Raphson method, direct iterative method with convergence criteria,Newton- Raphson method for solution of a pair of non-linear equations. Eigen values and Eigen vectors: Dominant and smallest Eigen values/Eigen vectors by power method.Interpolation: Finite difference operator and their relationships, difference tables, Newton, Bessel and Stirling's interpolation formulae, Divided differences, Lagrange interpolation and Newton's divided difference interpolation.Numerical differentiation: First and second order derivatives by various interpolation formulae. Numerical integration: Trapezoidal, Simpsons $1 / 3^{\text {rd }}$ and $3 / 8^{\text {th }}$ rules with errors and their combinations, Gauss Legendre 2-points and 3-points formulae. Numerical solution of first and second order ordinary differential equations: Picard's method, Taylor's series method, Euler, Modified Euler, RungeKutta methods, Predictor-Corrector ,Method's- Milne's method.

| S.No. | Author(s) / Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of <br> Publication |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Gerald, C. F. and Whe atly, P. O.," Applied Numerical Analysis", <br> $6^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Wesley. | 2002 |
| 2 | Jain, M. K., Iyengar, S. R. K. and Jain, R. K., "Numerical Methods <br> for Scientific and Engineering Computation", New Age Pvt. Pub, <br> New Delhi. | 2000 |
| 3 | Conte, S. D. and DeBoor, C., "Elementary Numerical Analysis", <br> McGraw- Hill Publisher | 1982 |
| 4 | Krishnamurthy, E. V. \& Sen, S. K., "Applied Numerical Analysis", <br> East West Publication. | 1998 |

## 2018-19 M.Sc (Applied Mathematics Curriculum)

## 18AM1104-Complex Analysis

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 2.6 Course Outcomes of 18AM1104

| CO <br> No: | Course out come | PO/ <br> PSO | BTL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| CO1 | Explain the defin ition of continuity, differentiability, apply the concepts of <br> analytic function and harmonic function to explain Cauchy -Rie mann equations; <br> Understganding Power Series. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| CO2 | Apply the concept of conformal mapping, and describe the mapping properties of <br> Möbius <br> transformations and how to apply them for conformal mappings in Fluid <br> Dynamics, etc. | PO2, <br> PO7, <br> PSO4 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{C O 3}$ | Explain complex contour integrals; Understand simple sequences and series <br> apply the convergence properties of a power series, and to determine the Taylor <br> series or the Laurent series of an analytic function. | PO1, <br> PO7 <br> PSO1, <br> PSO4 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{C O 4}$ | Explain properties of singularities and poles of analytic functions and apply to <br> compute residues integrals by applying residue techniques. | PO1 <br> PSO1, <br> PSO4 | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Analytic Functions, Cauchy-Reimann equations, Complex integration, Residue Calculus, Conformal Mapping:, Evaluation of real integrals.

## Syllabus

Analytic Functions: Functions of a complex variable. Limits, continuity, uniform continuity, differentiability and analyticity of functions, C-R equations, necessary and sufficient conditions, applications to the problems of potential flow, Harmonic functions, Harmonic conjugates, Milne's method. Sequences, Series, Uniform convergence, power series. Complex integration: Rectifiable arcs, contours, complex line integration, Cauchy's theorem for simply and multiply connected domains, Cauchy's integral formula for the derivatives of an analytic function, Winding Numbers, Cauchy's estimate, Morera's theorem, Liouville's theorem, Fundamental theorem of Algebra. Maximum modulus principle, Schwarz Lemma, Taylor series, Laurent series, Zeros and poles of a function, Meromorphic function.

Residue Calculus: The residue at a singularity, Residue theorem, the argument principle, Rouche's theorem, contour integration and its applications to improper integrals, evaluation of a real integrals, improper integrals involving sines and cosines, definite integrals involving sines and cosines, integration through branch cut.

Conformal Mapping: Definition of Conformal and Bilinear transformations, Cross ratio, the mappings from disc to disc, disc to half plane and half plane to half plane. Mapping of elementary transformations. Space of continuous functions, the space of analytic functions, the space of meromorphic functions, Riemann-mapping theorem.

Applications: Applications of conformal mapping to steady temperature, electrostatic potential, twodimensional fluid flow, stream function.

| S. No. | Author(s) / Title/ Edition No./ Publisher |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |$\quad$| Year of |
| :---: |
| Publication |$|$| 1 | Churchill, J. W. and Brown, R. V., "Complex Analysis", Mc graw- <br> Hill. | 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Gamelin, T. W., "Complex Analysis", Springer-Verlag | 2001 |
| 3 | Greene R., and Krantz, S. G., "Function Theory of One Complex <br> Variable", 3 |  |
| 4 | Kreyszig, E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley, New <br> York | 2009 |
| 5 | Lang, S., "Complex Analysis", Springer -Verlag. | 2003 |
| 6 | Mathews, J. H. and Howell, R. W., "Complex Analysis for <br> Mathematics and Engineering", Narosa | 2009 |

## 18AM1105 - Mathematical Statistics

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 1.6 Course Outcomes of 18AM1105

| CO <br> No: | Course Outcomes | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CO 1 | Explain the concepts of random variable, probability distribution, <br> distribution function, expected value, variance and higher moments, and <br> calculate expected values and probabilities associated with the distributions <br> of random variables | PO3 <br> ,PS02 | 3 |
| CO 2 | Explain the concepts of independence, jointly distributed random variables <br> and conditional distributions, and use generating functions to establishthe <br> distribution of linear combinations of independent randomvariables. | PO2,PS01 | 3 |
| CO 3 | ..Explain the concepts of random sampling, statistical inference and <br> sampling distribution, and state and use basic sampling distributions.State <br> the central limit theorem, and apply it. | PO1,PS02 | 3 |
| CO 4 | Construct the sampling distribution of mean and variance and <br> calculation of mean and variance of sampling distribution of mean <br> and variance.. | PO3,PS02 | 3 |

Conditional Probability, discrete distributions, Random variables, Simple random sampling with replacement and without replace ment, Fundamental sampling distributions.

## S YLLAB US

Concept of probability, Axioms of Probability, Conditional Probability, Addition, Multiplication and Baye's Theorems, Random variable and Distribution function of discrete and continuous distributions, Mathematical expectation, Moments and Moment generating function.

Some discrete distributions: Binomial, Poisson, Geometric and Hypergeometric; Some continuous distributions: Uniform, Exponential, Weibull, Gamma and Normal.

Bivariate Random variables: Joint, Marginal, Conditional distribution, Statistical independence, product moments, correlation, regression, transformation of random variables, Law of large numbers and Central limit theorem.

Simple random sampling with replacement and without replacement, Parameter and statistic, Mean and variance of sampling distributions, order statistics and distribution of order statistics, Fundamental sampling distributions from normal population viz. $\chi^{2}, \mathrm{t}$, f and Z (central).

## Suggested Books:

| S.No. | Author(s) / Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Year of } \\ \text { Publication }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Miller, I. and Miller, M., "Freund's Mathematical Statistics with } \\ \text { Applications",7 }\end{array}$ th Ed., Prentice Hall PTR . |  |$] 2006$

2. COURSE OFFERED IN FIRST YEAR SEMESTER-2

18AM1206-Topology

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 4.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM1206

| CO <br> No: | Course Outcome | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Explain the definition of Finite, countable, uncountable sets and <br> apply the concepts of composite function and Axiom of choice to <br> explain Zorn's Lemma. | PO1 <br> PSO1,2 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{C O 2}$ | Explain the concept of open sets, closed sets and basis for a topology <br> describe the properties of product space and apply the concept of <br> topological space and continuous function. | PO1 <br> PSO1, <br> PSO2 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{C O 3}$ | Explain the definition of compact space and connected space and <br> apply the concept of finite intersection property and Bolzano <br> weierstrass property. | PO1 <br> PSO1, <br> PSO2 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{C O 4}$ | Explain the properties of Hausdorff's space and normal space and <br> apply the Urysohn's lemma to determine the urysohn's metrization <br> theorem, Tietze extension theorem, and tychonoff theorem. | PO1 <br> PSO1, <br> PSO2 | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Countable, uncountable sets, functions, relations, Topological Spaces and Continuous functions

## Connectednessan d Compactness, Countability and Separation axiom.

Syllabus
Introduction: Finite, countable, uncountable sets, functions, relations, Axiom of choice, Zorn's Lemma
Topological Spaces and Continuous functions: Open sets, closed sets, basis for a topology, Sub basis, $\mathrm{T}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{2}$ Spaces, Order topology, product topology, subspace topology, limit point, continuous function, general product topology, metric space and its Topology, quotient topology.
Connectedness and Compactness: Connected spaces, connected subspaces, Local connectedness, compact subspace, limit point compactness, Local compactness.
Countability and Separation axiom: Countability axioms, separation axioms. Regular and NormalSpaces, Urysohn's Lemma, Urysohn metrization Theorem. Tietze Extension Theorem, Tychonoff Theorem

## Suggested Books:

| S.No. | Author(s) / Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of <br> Publication |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | Munkres, J.R., "Topology", 2 ${ }^{\text {nat }}$ Ed., PHI | 2010 |
| 2. | Mansfield, M.J., "Introduction to Topology", East-West student Edition | 1973 |
| 3. | Simmons, G.F., "Introduction to Topology \& Modern Analysis", Krieger <br> Publishing Company. | 2003 |
| 4. | Mendelson, B., "Introduction to Topology," 3" Ed., Dover Publications | 1988 |
| 5. | Gamelin, T.W. and Greene, R.E., "Introduction to Topology", 2 <br> nat Ed., <br> Dover Publications | 1999 |
| 6. | Min, Y., "Introduction to Topology: Theory \& Applications", Higher <br> Education Press | 2010 |


| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.4 Course Outcomes of 18AM1207

| CO <br> No: | Course out come | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Define group, subgroup and quotient group with examples, and proving <br> some preliminary lemmas. | PO3, <br> PSO2 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| CO2 | Define homomorphism and automorphisim of groups .Explain Cayley's <br> and Sylow's theorems of finite groups and demonstrate the problems. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{C O 3}$ | Define a ring, homomorphismof rings, ideal, quotient rings with <br> examples. Explain principal ideal domain, unique factorization domain, <br> modules over PID theorems and demonstrate the problems. | PO2, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| CO4 | Define field and Polynomial ring with examples. Explain the field of <br> Quotients of an integral domain and Euclidean and polynomial rings with <br> problems. | PO4, <br> PSO2 | $\mathbf{2}$ |

## Group theory, Ring theory, Vector Spaces, Fields, Euclidean rings, polynomial rings.

Group theory: Definition and some examples of groups, some preliminary lemmas, subgroups. Homeomorphisms, auto orphisms, Canley's theorem, permutation groups, Solow's theorems.

Ring theory: Definition and examples of Rings, some special classes of Rings, homomorphisms Ideal and Quotient rings. Maximal Ideal, Integral domain, Principal Ideal domain(PID), unique factorization.

Vector Spaces, Sub Spaces, Dimension, Basis, Inner Product Space, Schewarz inequality, Grahm-Smith Orthogonalization process, Modules, Modules over PID, Modules with chain conditions.

Definition of field and some examples, the field of Quotients of an Integral domain, Euclidean rings, polynomial rings.

## Suggested Books:

| S.No. | Author(s)/Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | Herstein, I. N., "Topics in Algebra", $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., John Wiley \& Sons. | 2004 |
| 2. | Fraleigh, J. B., "A First Course in Abstract Algebra", $7^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Pearson <br> Education | 2003 |
| 3. | Dummit, D. S. and Foote, R. M., "Abstract Algebra", $3^{\text {rd }}$ Ed., John Wiley <br> \& Sons. | 2004 |
| 4. | Artin M., "Algebra", $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., Prentice Hall India | 2011 |
| 5. | Gallian J. A., "Contemporary Abstract Algebra", $8^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Cengage <br> Learning | 2013 |

## 2018-19 M.Sc (Applied Mathematics Curriculum)

## 18AM1208-Transform Techniques

| L-T-P/S | $3-0-2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 5 |

Table 3.5 Course Outcomes of 18AM1208

| CO <br> No: | CO | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CO 1 | Apply Laplace transform techniques to solve linear differential <br> equations in system analysis where initial conditions can be <br> easily included to give system response. | PO1, <br> PO3, <br> PO4, <br> PS03 | 3 |
| CO 2 | Applying z- transform and Mellin transform to the analysis and <br> characterization of Discrete Time systems. | PO1, <br> PO3, <br> PS03 | 3 |
| CO 3 | Apply Fourier series to analyze various signals. | PO4, <br> PS03 | 3 |
| CO 4 | Apply Fourier transforms to analyze various signals. | PO6, <br> PS03 | 3 |
| CO 5 | Verify the solution of the Transform techniques through <br> MATLAB. | PSO3 | 3 |

## Laplace transforms, Inverse Laplace transforms, Applications, Mellin Transform, Fourier Series, Fourier

## Transforms

## Syllabus

Laplace Transform: Laplace of some standard functions, Existence conditions for the Laplace Transform, Shifting theorems, Laplace transform of derivatives and integrals, Inverse Laplace transform and their properties, Convolution theorem, Initial and final value theorem, Laplace transform of periodic functions, Heaviside unit step function and Dirac delta function, Applications of Laplace transform to solve ODEs.Finite Laplace Transform: Definition and properties, Shifting and scaling theorem. Z-Transform: Z-transform and inverse Z-transform of elementary functions, Shifting theorems, Convolution theorem, Initial and final value theorem, Application of Ztransforms to solve difference equations.

Mellin Transform: Definition and properties of Mellin transform, Shifting and scaling properties, Mellintransforms of derivatives and integrals, Applications of Mellin transform
Fourier series: Trigonometric Fourier series and its convergence. Fourier series of even and odd functions, Gibbs phenomenon, Fourier half-range series, Parseval's identity, Complex form of Fourier series. Solving ODE using Fourier series.
Fourier Transforms: Fourier integrals, Fourier sine and cosine integrals, Complex form of Fourier integral representation, Fourier transform, Fourier transform of derivatives and integrals, Fourier sine and cosine transforms and their properties, Convolution theorem, Application of Fourier transforms to Boundary Value Problems.
List of Lab Experiments:

| Labsession No | List of Experiments | CO-Mapping |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Introduction and Review of MATLAB. | CO1 |
| 2 | Determine the Laplace transforms of the function using <br> derivatives and integrals property. | CO |
| 3 | Calculate the Inverse Laplace transforms of the given function. | CO 1 |
| 4 | Solving ODE by Laplace trans forms. | CO 2 |
| 5 | Using the Shifting, Convolution, Initial and finalvalue <br> theorems of Z-transforms to the function . | CO |
| 6 | Using Z-transforms to solve the difference equations. | CO 2 |
| 7 | Determine the Mellin transforms of derivatives and integrals. | CO 3 |
| 8 | Obtain the Complex form of Fourier series of the function. | CO 3 |
| 9 | Determine the Fourier series of even and odd functions. | CO 3 |
| 10 | Solving ODE using Fourier series. | CO 4 |
| 11 | Expressing the Fourier sine and cosine integrals and Complex <br> form of Fourier integral representation of the function. | $\mathrm{CO4}$ |
| 12 | Application of Fourier transforms to Boundary Value Problems <br> (BVP). | $\mathrm{CO4}$ |

## Suggested Books:

| S. No. | Author(s)/ Title/Edition No./ Publisher | Year of <br> Publication |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Kreyszig, E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley <br> \& Sons | 2011 |
| 2. | Jain, R. K. and Iyenger, S. R. K., "Advanced Engineering <br> Mathematics", Narosa Publishing House | 2009 |
| 3. | Hildebrand F. B., "Methods of Applied Mathematics", Courier <br> Dover Publications | 1992 |
| 4. | Debanth L. and Bhatta D., Integal Tranforms and Their <br> Applications, 2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., Taylor and Francis Group | 2007 |


| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 2.5 Course Outcomes of 18AM1209

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{CO} \\ & \text { No: } \end{aligned}$ | Course out come | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Apply the rules of Propositional logic to establish valid results and apply rules of valid inference and hence understand how to construct correct mathematical arguments, Mathematical Induction | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PO3, } \\ & \text { PO6, } \\ & \text { PO7 } \\ & \text { PSO2 } \end{aligned}$ | 2 |
| CO2 | Understand the concept of relations, functions and discrete structures, Count discrete event occurrences, lattices, to represent the Boolean functions by an expression | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PO2, } \\ & \text { PO3, } \\ & \text { PO6, } \\ & \text { PO7 } \\ & \text { PSO3 } \end{aligned}$ | 3 |
| CO3 | Formulate and solve recurrence relations of homogeneous and non homogeneous relations, understand some recursive algorithms. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PO2, } \\ & \text { PO3, } \\ & \text { PO6, } \\ & \text { PO7 } \\ & \text { PSO3 } \end{aligned}$ | 3 |
| CO4 | Use graph theory for various techniques to study and analyze different problems associated with computer design, logic design, Formal languages, Artificial Intelligence etc, Analysis of different traversal methods for trees and graphs. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PO2, } \\ & \text { PO3, } \\ & \text { PO5, } \\ & \text { PO6, } \\ & \text { PO7 } \\ & \text { PSO3 } \end{aligned}$ | 3 |

Fundamentals of logic, Partially ordered sets, Lattices, Recurrence Relation, Graphs, colouring theorems, isomorphism of graphs.

## Syllabus

Proposition, predicate logic, logic connectives, methods of proofs. Mathematical induction. Relation and Function: Definitions and properties, pigeonhole principle, extended pigeonhole principle, equivalence relations and equivalence classes. representation of relations by binary matrices and digraphs; operations on relations. closure, Warshall's algorithm, discrete numeric functions, growth of functions, big O , big hash function. Partial Order.

Partially ordered sets, lattices, isomorphism of lattices - Boolean algebra and Boolean functions, different representations of Boolean functions, application of Boolean functions to synthesis of circuits, circuit minimization and simplification, Karnaugh map.

Recurrence Relation: Linear recurrence relations with constant coefficients, homogeneous and nonhomogeneous relations, discussion of several special cases to obtain particular solutions. Generating functions,
solution of linear recurrence relations using generating functions. Some recursive algorithms.
Definition of Graphs, Finite \& infinite graphs, Incidence \& degree, Walks, paths and circuits, trees, their properties and fundamental circuits, cut-sets and cut-vertices, Euler, Hamiltonian path \& circuit, planar graphs, colouring theorems, isomorphism of graphs.

## Suggested Books:

| S.No. | Author(s)/Title/ Edition No./Publisher | Year of <br> Publication |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | Kenneth, H. R., Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, 7"I Ed., <br> Tata McGraw Hill, | 2012 |
| 2. | Liu, C. L., Elements of Discrete Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill | 2007 |
| 3. | Johnsonbaugh, R., Discrete Mathematics, $6^{\text {m }}$ Ed., Maxwell <br> Macmillan International | 2006 |
| 4. | Mott, J.L., Kandel, A. and Baker, T.P., Discrete Mathematics for <br> Computer Scientists and Mathematicians, Prentice Hall India Pvt Ltd | 2001 |
| 5. | Kolman, B., Busby, R. and Ross, S.C., Discrete Mathematical <br> Structure, $6^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Pearson | 2008 |

## 2018-19 M.Sc (Applied Mathematics Curriculum)

## 18AM1210- Introduction to Computer Programming

| L-T-P/S | $3-0-2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 5 |

Table 1.5 Course Outcomes of 18AM1210

| CO <br> No: | Course outcomes | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO 1 | Introduction to basic computer organization and computer <br> fundamentals. Introduction to Programming language <br> fundamentals. Illustrate and use Control Flow State ments in C++. | PO1, <br> PSO2 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| CO 2 | Introduction to functions in C++ and Decomposition of programs <br> through function. | PO1, <br> PSO2 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| CO 3 | Interpret \& Illustrate user defined C++ functions and different <br> operations on list of data. | PO1, <br> PSO2 <br> $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| CO 4 | Illustrate Object Oriented Concepts and implement linear data <br> structures | PO1, <br> PSO2 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| CO 5 | Develop the code for the algorithms in C++ | PO8 <br> PSO3 |  |

Computer Fundamentals, Computer Fundamentals, Programming through functional decomposition and Data hiding, Data structures. Dynamic binding and virtual functions, Polymorphism, Dy namic data in classes.

## Syllabus

Basic Computer Fundame ntals: Introduction to computer systems; number system, integer, signed integer, fixed and floating point representations; IEEE standards, integer and floating point arithmetic; CPU organization, ALU, registers, memory, the idea of program execution at micro level. Basic Programming in C++: Input/output; Constants, variables, expressions and operators; Naming conventions and styles; C; Looping and control structures (while, for, do-while, break and continue); Arrays; File I/O, header files, string processing; Pre-processor directives such as\#include, \#define, \#ifdef, \#ifndef; Compiling and linking.

Programming through functional decomposition: Design of functions, void and value returning functions, parameters, scope and lifetime of variables, passing by value, passing by reference, passing arguments by constant reference, recursive functions; Function overloading and defaultarguments;Library functions.

Object Oriented Programming Concepts: Data hiding, abstract data types, classes, access control; Class implementation-default constructor, constructors,copy constructor, destructor, operator overloading, friend functions.

Introduction to data structures, use of pointers in linked structures. Pointers: Pointers; Dynamic data and pointers, dynamic arrays. Object oriented design (an alternative to functional decomposition) inheritance and composition; Dynamic binding and virtual functions;Polymorphism; Dynamic data in classes.

## List of Lab Experiments

| Labsession No | List of Experiments | CO-Mapping |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Write a program that enters a 10 - digit telephone number ( the first three digits refer to the area code, the next three digits refer to the exchange code, and the remaining four digits refer to number), prints the parts of the number and complete telephone number and addition of area code and exchange code in the following format. | CO1 |
| 2 | The government of India passed a GO regarding tax payment and you have to develop a C program based on some conditions. If the income is less than $1,50,000$ then no tax. If taxable income is in the range $1,50,001-3,00,000$ then charge $10 \%$ of tax. If taxable income is in the range $3,00,001-5,00,000$ then charge $20 \%$ of tax. If taxable income is in the range $5,00,001$ above then charge $30 \%$ of tax. Calculate the amount of tax he/she has to pay. | CO1 |
| 3 | https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/staircase Consider value of n $=5$ : <br> 12345 <br> 23456 <br> 34567 <br> 45678 <br> 56789 <br> Write a program that prints the above pattern for given n . | CO1 |
| 4 | a) Write a C++ program to solve the second degree equation $a X^{2}+b X+c=0$ for any real $a, b$ and $c$. <br> b) Find the greatest and smallest of given 3 numbers | CO2 |
| 5 | a). A company is having N no of employees. Calculate their net salary the with the following details of HRA,DA and TAX on basic salarylf basic salary is in between 80000 to 60000 then HRA $=30 \%$ DA $=20 \%$ Tax= $10 \%$ If the basic is in between 59000 to 40000 HRA $=25 \%$ (on basic) DA $=12 \%$ Tax $=8 \%$ If basic is below $39000 \mathrm{DA}=12 \% \mathrm{Tax}=8 \%$ For basic more than 80000 HRA $=30 \%$ (on basic) DA $=30 \%$ Tax $=20 \%$ <br> b) Create a file named "inventory.dat" that stores item name, quantity and price for a single item. Write a program to read the values from the file and calculate bill a mount and re write the same into the same file. | CO2 |
| 6 | a) Write a $\mathrm{C}++$ program to read N values and get their mean and the standard deviation. <br> b) Write a $\mathrm{C}++$ program to perform binary search. | CO2 |
| 7 | a). Write a C++ program to convert a given decimal nu mber to binary using recursion <br> b) Write an efficient function to return maximum occurring character in the input string e.g., if input string is "test" then function should return ' $t$ '. | CO3 |
| 8 | a) Write a function reverse (int $n$ ) which reverses the digits of given number and returns the result. For Example, if $n$ is 927 , it would return 729 <br> b) Write a C++ program to perform different arith metic operation such as addition, subtraction, and multiplication using inline function | CO3 |
| 9 | a) Write a C++ program to swap two number by both call by value and call by reference mechanism, using two functions swap_value() and swap_reference respectively , by getting the choice from the user and executing the user's choice by switch-case. | CO3 |


|  | b). Create a class Student which has data members as name, branch, roll no, <br> age,sex, marks in five subjects and display them. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | a) Write a program to print the names of students by creating a Student class. <br> If no name is passed while creating an object of Student class, then the name <br> should be "Unknown", otherwise the name should be equal to the String <br> value passed while creating object of Student class. <br> b) Write a Program to design a class complex to represent complex nu mbers. <br> The complex class should use an external function (use it as a friend <br> function) to add two complex numbers. The function should return an object <br> of type complex representing the sum of two complex numbers. | CO4 |
| 11 | Write a programto overload unary operator ++ and - (prefix) | CO4 |
| 12 | Create a base class basic_info with data members name ,roll no, sex and two <br> member functions getdata and display. Derive a class physical_fit from <br> basic_info which has data members height and weight and member functions <br> getdata and display. Display all the information using object of derived class. | CO4 |

Suggested Books:

| S. No. | Author(s) / Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of Publication |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | H.M. Deitel and P.J. Deitel. C++ How to Program. $8^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Prentice Hall. | 2011 |
| 2. | B. Eckel. Think ing in C++ Volume 1 \& 2. $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., Prentice Hall. | 2003 |
| 3. | I. Koren. Computer Arithmetic Algorithms. $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., A.K. Peters Ltd. | 2001 |
| 4. | S.B. Lippman, J. Lajoie, and B.E. Moo. The C++ Primer. Addison-5 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Wesley Professional. | 2012 |
| 5. | S. Oualline. Practical C++ Programming. $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., O'ReillyMedia. | 2003 |
| 6. | S. Prata. C++ Primer Plus. $5^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Sams. | 2004 |
| 7. | W. Stallings. Computer Organisation and Architecture: Designing for Performance. $7^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Prentice-Hall. | 2005 |
| 8. | B. Stroustrup. The C++ Programming Language. Addison-3 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Ed., Wesley. | 1997 |
| 9. | R. Lafore. Object-Oriented Programming in C++.4 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Sams Publishing. | 2001 |

## 18AM2111- Partial Differential Equations

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2111

| CO No | Course Outcome <br> $\mathbf{( C O )}$ | PO/PSO | Blooms <br> Taxonomy <br> Level (BTL) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{CO1}$ | Model the relevant phenomena as a Partial differential <br> equations and obtain the solutions | PO2, <br> PSO1 | 3 |
|  | Understand the Nature of the higher order Partial <br> differential equation and obtain the solutions | PO3, <br> PSO4 | 3 |
| CO 3 | Express the Laplace equation in Various coordinate | PO1, | PO5 |

Formation of PDE, Classification of second order equation, Hyperb olic, Parab olic and Elliptic equations of separation of variables, Solutions in cylindrical and spherical equation, The maximum principle for the heat equation.

## Syllabus

Modelling with partial differential equations, Partial differential equations of first order, Cauchy problem, Linear first or der P.D.E., Method of characteristics, Lagrange, Charpit's and Jacobi's method. Partial differential equation of second order, Classification of second order equation, Hyperbolic, Parabolic and Elliptic equations, Linear second order partial differential equations with constant coefficients.

Elliptic Equations: Laplace equation in Cartesian, polar, spherical and cylindrical coordinates and its solution by Fourier series method, Poisson equation in 2D.
Hyperbolic differential equations, One dimensional wave equation, Solution of the wave equation by separation of variables, d'Alembert's solution, Boundary and initial value problem of two dimensional wave equation.
Parabolic differential equations, One dimensionaldiffusion equation, Boundary conditions; Dirichlet, Neumann and Robin type boundary conditions, Method of separation of variables, Solutions in cylindrical and spherical equation, The maximum principle for the heat equation.

Suggested Books:

| S. No. | Author(s) / Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of <br> Publication |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | Zachmanoglou, E.C., Thoe, D.W., "Introduction to Partial <br> Differential Equattions with Applications", Dover <br> Publications. | 1986 |
| 2. | Sneddon, I. N., "Elements of Partial Differential Equations", <br> McGraw-Hill Book Company. | 1988 |
| 3. | Amarnath, T., "An Elementary Course in Partial Differential <br> Equations", 2 |  |
| 4. | Rad.Ed., Narosa Publishing House. K. S., "Introduction to Partial Differential Equations", <br> 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. | 2012 |
| 5. | Lawrence C. Evans, "Partial Differential Equations", <br> American Mathematical Society | 2012 |

## 18AM2112 - Continuum Mechanics

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 1.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2112

| CO No | Course Outcome <br> (CO) | Blooms <br> Taxonomy <br> Level (B TL) |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Concept of fluids, Continum Hypothesis, Density, <br> Specific etc Equation of State, First and Second Law <br> of Thermodynamics and Clausius Inequality | PO2, PSO1 | 3 |
| CO2 | Eulerian and Lagranges methods of Description of <br> Fluids, Newtonian Fluids, Non Newtonian Fluids, <br> Visco elastic fluids | PO3, <br> PSO4 | 3 |
| CO3 | Equation of conservation of Mass, Equation for the <br> conservation of momentum, Equation for energy, <br> Basic equations in different coordinate systems, <br> Boundary conditions Voretex motion, velocity <br> potential due to a vortex, velocity potential due to a <br> vortex | PO1, PO5 |  |
| CO4 PSO1 | 3 |  |  |
|  | Flow between two parallel plates, Plane ciutte flow, <br> Plane poiseuille flow, Flow over an inclined plane, <br> Flow through circular pipe,Flow through an annulus, <br> Flow between two porous plates, Unsteady flows, <br> Unsteady flow over a flat plate, Unsteady flow <br> between two parallelplates. | PO1, PO5 <br> PSO1 | 3 |

Physical Properties of Fluids, Introduction to thermody namics, Kine matics of Fluids, Stress in Fluids and Constitutive Equations and Conservation Laws, Incompressible Viscous Fluid Flows.

## Syllabus

Physical Properties of Fluids: Concept of fluids, Continum Hypothesis, Density, Specific Weight and Specific Yolume, Pressure, Viscosity and Surface tension. Thermodynamics of Fluids: Introduction to thermodynamics, \#quation of State, First Law of thermodynamics, Second Law of Thermodynamics and Clausius Inequality

Kinematics of Fluids: Eulerian and Lagranges methods of Description of Fluids, Equvalence of Lagrangian and Eulerian Methods, Translation, Rotation and Deformation of Fluid Elements, Analytical Approach to Deformation, Stress - strain relations, Steady and unsteady flows, Stream Lines, Path Lines and Streak Lines. Stress in Fluids and Constitutive Equations: Stress tensor, Normal Stresses, Shear Stresses, Symmetry of Shear of Stress tensor, newtonian Fluids, Non Newtonian Fluids, Purely viscous fluids, Reiner Rivlin Fluids, Power Law Fluids, Visco elastic fluids.

Conservation Laws: Equation of conservation of Mass, Equation for the conservation of momentum, Equation for energy, Basic equations in different coordinate systems, Boundary conditions. Irrotational and Rotational Flows: Kelvins minimum energy theorem, Gauss theorem, Bernoullis equation and its application, 2D irrotational incompressible flows, D' Alemberts paradox, Flow due to a moving cylinder with circulation, Flow over an aerofoil, Voretex motion, velocity potential due to a vortex, velocity potential due to a vortex

Incompressible Viscous Fluid Flows: Flow between two parallel plates, Plane ciutte flow, Plane poiseuille flow, Flow over an inclined plane, Flow of two immissible fluids, Flow through circular pipe,Flow through an annulus, Flow between two porous plates, Plane couette flow, Flow through convergent and divergent channels, Stagnent point, Unsteady flows, Unsteady flow over a flat plate, Unsteady flow between two parallel plates.

## Suggested Books:

1. S. Valiappan: Continum Mechanics, Oxford \& IBH Publishing Company
2. Goldstein : Classical Mechanics, Narosa Publications
3. R. K. Rathy, An Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, Oxford \& IBH Publishing Company 4.Fluid Mechanics : Frank M. White, Fluid Mechanics, McGraw Hill Publications

2018-19 M.Sc (Applied Mathematics Curriculum)
18AM2113-Data Structures

| L-T-P/S | $3-0-2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 5 |

Table 2.3 Course Outcomes of 18AM2113

| CO\# | Course Outcome | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Analyze and compare stack ADT and <br> que ue ADT imple mentations using linked <br> list andapplications. | PO1, <br> PO4, <br> PSO1, <br> PSO2 | 4 |
| CO2 | Analyze the linked lists and types of Binary <br> trees and their representations. | PO1, <br> PO4, <br> PSO1, <br> PSO2 | 4 |
| CO3 | Apply measures of efficiency on <br> algorithms and Analyze different Sorting <br> Algorithms, Analyze the linked <br> implementation of Binary,Balanced Trees <br> and different Hashing techniques. | PO1, <br> PO2, <br> PSO1 <br> PSO2 | 4 |
| CO4 | Analyze presentations, <br> traversals, applications of Graphs and Heap <br> organization. | PO2, <br> PO4, <br> PSO1, <br> PSO2 | 4 |
| CO5 | Develop and Evaluate common practical <br> applications for linear and non-linear data <br> structures. | PO1, <br> PO2, <br> PSO1, <br> PSO2 | 5 |

Data structures, Arrays, Binary trees, General lists: Representations, operations,dynamic storage management, garbage collection, compaction. minimum spanning tree, shortest path algorithm

## Syllabus

Introduction to data structures. Arrays: One and two dimensional arrays, storage allocations. String representation. Implementation of abstract data types (ADT). Stacks: LIFO structure, push, pop, create, delete and empty stack. Queues: FIFO structure, operations on queues, priority queues, circular queues. Linear lists, list v/s array, internal pointer \& external pointer, head, tail of a list, null list, length of a list. Linked Lists: nodes, linked list data structure, algorithms: insert, delete and retrie ve node, create, search, print, append linked list, array of linked lists, header nodes, circularly-linked list, doubly linked list: insertion, deletion.

Binary trees: definition, array, linked and threaded representations, traversal, (Pre, Postand Symmetric order), expression trees (Infix, Prefix and Postfix). Sorting: Selection sort, bubble sort, exchange sort, quick sort, heap sort and merge sort. Analysis of sorting techniques. Searching: sequential search, binary search, search trees AVL trees, M-way search trees, B trees, hash tables, hashing functions, collision resolution techniques.

General lists: Representations, operations, dynamic storage management, garbage collection, compaction.
Graphs: array and linked representation, operations: add, delete and find vertex, add, delete edge, traverse graph (depth-first, breadth-first). Networks: minimum spanning tree, shortest path algorithm (Dijkstra's algorithm and Kruskal'salgorithm).
List of Lab Experiments

| Labsession No | Experiment | CO-Mapping |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Traversal, insertion, deletion in a linear array. | CO1 |
| 2 | Stacks using arrays. | CO |
| 3 | Linear Queue using arrays. | CO 1 |
| 4 | Circular Queue using arrays | CO |
| 5 | Stacks and Queues using linked list. | CO |
| 6 | Singly Linked circular List. | CO |
| 7 | Doubly Linked List. | CO |
| 8 | Polynomial Arithmetic using linked list. | CO |
| 9 | Insertion sort, Exchange sort, Selection sort | CO 2 |
| 10 | Quick sort | CO 2 |
| 11 | Heap Sort. | CO 2 |
| 12 | Binary Tree Traversal (pre, post and symmetric order) | CO 4 |
| 13 | Sequential Search and Binary Search. | CO |
| 14 | Binary Search Tree | CO 4 |

## Suggested Books:

| S. No. | Author(s)/Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint <br> 1 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Langman, Y., Augenstein, M.; Tennenbaum A.M. Data Structure <br> Using C and C++. Prentice Hall of India. | 1998 |
|  | Sahni S., Data Structures Algorithms and Applications in C++, <br> McGraw Hill | 2005 |
| 3 | Dale N., C++ Plus Data Structures. Narosa Publications. | 2000 |
| 4 | Tenenbaum A. M., Data Structures Using C, Pearson Edn, India. | 1990 |
| 5 | Kruse Robert L., Ryba Alexander J., Data Structures and Program <br> Design in C++ | 1998 |


| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 2.3 Course Outcomes of 18AM2114

| CO No | Course Outcome <br> (CO) | PO/PSO | Blooms <br> Taxonomy <br> Level (B TL) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Understand the concepts of Banach and Hilbert <br> spaces and to learn to classify the standard <br> examples. In particular, spaces of sequences and <br> functions | PO2, PSO1 | 3 |
| CO2 | learn to use properly the specific techniques for <br> bounded operators over normed and Hibert <br> spaces | PO3, <br> PSO4 | 3 |
| CO3 | Eplain the fundamental results in the theory with <br> accuracy and proper formalism. | PO1, PO5 <br> PSO1 | 3 |
| CO4 | Apply the spectral analysis of compact self- <br> adjoint operators to the resolution of integral <br> equations | PO1, PO5 <br> PSO1 | 3 |

Fundamentals of metric spaces, Normed linear spaces, Banach spaces, Hilbert spaces
Contraction Mappings with examples, Banach-fixed point theorems and applications and Open mapping Theorem and applications

## Syllabus

Fundamentals of metric spaces, Completion metric spaces, normred spaces, Hölder inequality, Minkowski inequality and vector spaces with examples of $\ell_{p}$ and $L_{p}$ spaces.

Normed linear spaces, Banach spaces with examples, Convergence and absolute convergence of series in a normed linear space. Inner product spaces, Hilbert spaces, Relation between Banach and Hilbert spaces. Schwarz inequality.

Convex sets, Existence and uniqueness of a vector of minimum length, Projection theorem. Orthogonal and orthonormal systems in Hilbert space with examples, Bessel's inequality, Parseval's identity, Characterization of complete orthonormal systems.

Continuity of linear maps on normed linear spaces, Four equivalent norms on B(N,N`), Conjugate and Dual spaces, The Riesz Representation Theorem.

Adjoint operators, self adjoint operators, normal operators, Unitary operators on Hilbert spaces (H) and their properties. Isometric isomorphism of H onto itself under Unitary operators and their importance . Projection operators on Banach spaces and Hilbert spaces. Orthogonal Projections.

Contraction Mappings with examples, Banach-fixed point theorems and applications.
The Closed Graph Theorem, The Uniform Boundedness Principle and its applications, The Hahn Banach Extension and Separation Theorems, Open mapping Theorem and applications

## Suggested books:

| S. No. | Name of Authors / Books / Publishers | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Simons, G. F., "Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis", <br> McGraw Hill. | 2004 |
| 2 | Debnath L. K. and Mikusinski P., "Introduction to Hilbert Spaces <br> with Applications", Academic Press. | 2005 |
| 3 | Bachman G. and Narici L., "Functional Analys is", Academic <br> Press. | 1972 |
| 4 | Ponnusamy S., "Foundation of Functional Analysis", Narosa <br> Publication. | 2002 |
| 5 | Jain P. K. and Ahuja O. P., "Functional Analysis", New Age <br> International Publishers. | 2010 |
| 6 | Nair, M. T., "Functional Analysis: A First Course", PHI Pvt. Ltd. | 2004 |

## 18AM2101- Technical Skill

| L-T-P/S | $0-0-4$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 1 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2101

| CO No | Course Outcome <br> (CO) | PO/PSO | Blooms <br> Taxonomy <br> Level (BTL) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Apply MATLAB operators and functions for <br> symbolic processing and solving equations | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |
| CO2 | Apply MATLAB functions and codes to fit <br> discrete and continuous probability <br> distributions and use statistical plots to <br> evaluate goodness of fit. | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |
| CO3 | Apply MATLAB tools and codes for <br> regression analysis and interpolation. | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |
| CO4 | Apply MATLAB tools and codes for <br> solving linear and nonlinear programming <br> problems. | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |

Calculus, Probability Distribution, Functions for fitting curves and surfaces to data, Linear programming (LP), mixed-integer linear programming (MILP), quadratic programming (QP), nonlinear programming.

## Syllabus

Calculus, linear algebra, algebraic and ordinary differential equations, equation simplification, and equation manipulation using symbolic computation.
Probability Distribution: Fit continuous and discrete distributions, use statistical plots to evaluate goodness-of-fit, compute probability density functions and cumulative distribution functions, and generate random and quasi-random numbers from probability distributions.
Functions for fitting curves and surfaces to data. Exploratory data analysis, preprocess and post- process data, compare candidate models, and remove outliers. Regression analysis using the linear and nonlinear models.

Non parametric modeling techniques, such as splines, interpolation, and smoothing.
Functions for finding parameters that minimize or maximize objectives while satisfying constraints. Linear programming (LP), mixed-integer linear programming (MILP), quadratic programming (QP), nonlinear programming (NLP), constrained linear least squares, nonlinear least squares, and nonlinear equations.

Text books:

1. P. Mohana Shankar, Differential Equations: A Problem Solving Approach Based on MATLAB, CRC Press; 1 edition (23 May 2018).
2. Cesar Perez Lopez, MATLAB Optimization Techniques, Apress Academic, Springer, 2014.

Reference Books:

1. Xue, Dingyu and YangQuan Chen, Solving Applied Mathematical Problems with MATLAB, , CRC Press, Taylor \& Frances, Boca Raton, 2009.
2. Nikolaos Ploskas and Nikolaos Samaras, Linear Programming Using MATLAB, 1 edition 2017, Springer.
3. Braselton J. Curve Fitting with MATLAB, LINEAR and NON LINEAR REGRESSION,

INTERPOLATION, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016, USA.

## 18AM2215- Fluid Dynamics

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2215

| CO No | Course Outcome <br> (CO) | PO/PSO | Blooms <br> Taxonomy <br> Level (B TL) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Under standirrotational flows, boundary <br> surface, streamlines, path lines, streak lines, <br> vorticity. | PO1,2/PSO1 | 2 |
| CO2 | Explain General equations of motion, in <br> viscid case, Bernoulli's theorem, | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |
| $\mathrm{CO3}$ | Develop energy equation, Dynamical <br> similarity. | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |
| CO 4 | Solve Momentum integral equations by <br> Karman- Pohlhausen | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |

Continuum hypothesis, forces acting on a fluid, Lagrangian and Eulerian descriptions, General equations of motion, Navier-Stokes equations and Dimensional analysis.

Syllabus
Continuum hypothesis, forces acting on a fluid, stree tensor, analysis of relative motion in the neighborhood of a point. Euler's theorem, equation of continuity.
Lagrangian and Eulerian descriptions, Continuity of mass flow, circulation, rotational and irrotational flows, boundary surface, streamlines, path lines, streak lines, vorticity.

General equations of motion: inviscid case, Bernoulli's theore m,compressible and incompressible flows, Kelvin's theorem, constancy of circulation

Stream function, Complex-potential, source, sink and doublets, circle theorem, method of images,
Theorem of Blasius, Strokes, stream function, Motion of a sphere.
Helmholtz's vorticity equation, vortex filaments, vortex pair.
Navier-Stokes equations, dissipation of energy, diffusion of vorticity, Steady flow between two infinite parallel plates through a circular pipe (Hagen-Poiseuille flow), Flow between two co- axial cylinders, Energy equation, Dynamical similarity

Dimensional analysis, large Reynold's numbers; Laminar boundary layer equations, Similar solutions; Flow past a flat plate, Momentum integral equations, Solution by Karman- Pohlhausen methods, impulsive flow Reyleigh problem, dynamical similarity Thermal boundary layer equation for incompressible flow; Temperature distribution in Coutte flow and in flow past a flat plate. Introduction to Complex fluids

Suggested Books:

| S. No. | Title/Authors/Publishers | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | Batechelor, G.K., "An Introduction to Fluid Dynamics", Cambridge Press. | 2002 |
| 2. | Schliting, H. , Gersten K., "Boundary Layer Theory", Springer, 8 ${ }^{\text {h }}$ edition. | 2004 |
| 3. | Rosenhead, "Laminar Boundary Layers", Dover Publications | 1963 |
| 4. | Drazin, P.G., Reid W. H., "Hydrodynamic Stability", Cambridge Press | 2004 |

## 18AM2216- Operations Research

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2101

| CO No | Course Outcome <br> (CO) | PO/PSO | Blooms <br> Taxonomy <br> Level (B TL) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| CO1 | Solving LPP by Simplex Method, Big - M <br> Method, Two Phase Method, Revised <br> Simplex Method. | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |
| CO 2 | Solve parametric LPP | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |
| $\mathrm{CO3}$ | Solve Transportation and Assignment <br> Problems | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |
| CO 4 | Find the solution of non linear LPP | PO1,2/PSO1 | 3 |

Introduction to linear programming, Simplex Method, Big - M Method, Two Phase Method, Revised Simplex Method, Duality Theory, Transportation Problems and Assignment Problems and Non-linear optimization.

## Syllabus

Introduction to linear programming: Convex Sets, Graphical Method, Simplex Method, Big - M Method,Two Phase Method, Revised Simplex Method

Duality Theory, Dual Simplex Method, Sensitivity Analysis, Parametric Linear Programming
Transportation Problems and Assignment Problems
Non-linear optimization: Unconstrained and constrained optimization of several variables, Lagranges multipliers, Khun-Tucker theory, numerical methods for optimization.

| S. No. | Name of Authors / Books / Publishers | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year of } \\ \text { Publication/ } \\ \text { Reprint } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Taha, H.A., "Operations Research: An Introduction", MacMillan Pub Co., NY, $9^{\text {th }}$ Ed. (Reprint). | 2013 |
| 2 | Mohan, C. and Deep, K., "Optimization Techniques", New Age India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. | 2009 |
| 3 | Mittal, K.V. and Mohan, C., "Optimization Methods in System Analysis and Operations Research", New Age India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. | 1996 |
| 4 | Ravindran, A., Phillips, D.T. and Solberg, J.J., "Operations Research: Principles and Practice", John Wiley and Sons, NY, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed. (Reprint). | 2012 |
| 5 | Pant, J.C., "Introduction to Optimization/Operations Research", Jain Brothers, New Delhi, $2^{\text {nd }}$ Ed. | 2012 |

## ELECTIVE-I

## 18AM2011- Mathematical control theory

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2011

| CO <br> No: | Course out come | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Develop conditions for the controllability and observability of the linear <br> control systems and validate with suitable example. | PO1, PO2 <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Obtain conditions for the controllability and observability for the nonlinear <br> control systems and illustrate with suitable exa mple. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Determine the stability for the linear and nonlinear control systems. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Solve the optimal control problems for linear and nonlinear control systems. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Mathematical control theory, Controllability and observability for Linear and non linear systems, Stability of non-Linear systems and Optimal controllability.

## Syllabus

Introduction Problems of mathe matical control theory, Specific models.
Controllability and observability for Linear systems Linear differential equations, The controllability matrix , Rank condition, Kalman decomposition and Observability.
Controllability and observability for non-Linear systems Nonlinear differential equations, Controllability and linearization, Lie brackets, The openness of attainable sets and Observability.
Stability of Linear systems Stable linear systems, Stable polynomials. The Routh theorem, Stability, observability, and Liapunov equation, Stabilizability and controllability.
Stability of non-Linear systems The main stability test, Linearization, The Liapunov function method, La Salle's theorem Necessary conditions for stabilizability.
Optimal controllability Bellman's equation and the value function. The linear regulator and stabilization, Impulse control problems, An optimal stopping problem. Iterations of convex mappings.

Suggested books:

| S. No. | Name of Authors / Books / Publishers | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Jerzy Zabczyk, Mathematical Control Theory: An Introduction, <br> Birkhauser, Boston, Springer. | 2008 |
| 2 | S.Barnett, R.G. Cameron, Introduction to mathematical control theory, <br> Clarendon Press. | 1985 |
| 3 | E.D.Sontag, Mathematical control theory: Deterministic finite <br> dimensional systems, Springer. | 1998 |
| 4 | John B. Baillieul, J.C. Willems, Mathematical control theory, Springer. | 1999 |

## 2018-19 M.Sc (Applied Mathematics Curriculum)

## 18AM2012- Statistical Inference

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 5 |

Table 2.4 Course Outcomes of 18AM2012

| CO <br> No | Course Outcome <br> (CO) | POS/PSOs | Blooms <br> Taxonomy <br> Level <br> (BTL) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| CO1 | Obtain estimates of parameters and identify the <br> various methods to estimateit. | PO1, PS02 | 3 |
| CO2 | Apply various principles for the data reduction and <br> draw conclusion about the population based upon <br> samples drawn from it | PO2, PS02 | 3 |
| CO3 | Describe the tests of significance and draw conclusion <br> about the population and sample using various tests. | PO3, PS02 | 3 |
| CO4 | Testing the hypothesis to analyze the variance and <br> also predict the linear relationship between the two <br> variables | PO3, PS02 | 3 |

Theory of Estimation, Principle of Data Reduction, Testing of Hypothesis and Analysis of Variance Syllabus

Theory of Estimation: Basic concepts of estimation, Point estimation, , methods of estimation; method of moments, method of maximum likelihood; Unbiasedness, Minimum variance estimation, Cramer - Rao bound and its generalization, Rao Black well theorem, Existence of UMVU Estimators. Interval Estimation, Some results for normal population case.

Principle of Data Reduction: Sufficiency principle, Factorization criterion, minimal sufficiency, Completeness and bounded completeness, Likelihood principle, Equivariance principle.
Testing of Hypothesis: Null and alternative hypothesis, Type I and II errors error probability and power function, Method of finding tests, Neyman - Pearson lemma, Uniformly most powerful tests, Likelihood ratio principle, Likelihood ratio test, Sequential probability ratio test, Some results based on normal population.

Analysis of Variance: one way classification; simple linear regression analysis with normal distribution.

Suggested books:

| S. No. | Author(s) / Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Miller, I. and Miller, M., "Freund's Mathematical Statistics with <br> Applications",7 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Prentice Hall PTR. | 2006 |
| 2 | Lehman, E.L., "Testing of Statistical Hypothesis", Wiley Eastern Ltd | 1959 |
| 3 | G. Casella, R. L. Berger, "Statistical Inference", Duxbury Press | 2002 |
| 4 | Lehman, E.L., "Point Estimation", John Wiley \& sons | 1984 |
| 5 | Rohatgi, V.K., "Statistical Inference", Dover Publications | 2011 |

## 18AM2013- Data Base Management systems

| L-T-P/S | $3-0-2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 5 |

Table 3.3 Course Outcomes of 18AM2013

| CO\# | Course Outcome | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CO1 | Illustrate the functional components of <br> DBMS, importance of data modelling in <br> design of a database. | PO1, <br> PO5, <br> PSO2 | 2 |
| CO2 | Build queries using SQL and concepts of <br> PLSQL | PO1, <br> PSO2 | 3 |
| CO3 | Apply normalization techniques and <br> indexing to construct and access decent <br> database. | PO5, <br> PSO1 | 3 |
| CO4 | Identify the importance of transaction <br> processing, concurrency control and <br> recovery techniques | PO1, <br> PSO4 | 3 |
| CO5 | Develop a good database and define <br> SQL queries for data analysis | PO3, <br> PSO2 | 3 |

Database Fundamentals, Relational Algebra \& SQL, Database Design and Transaction Management
\&Recovery Techniques
Syllabus

Database Fundamentals: DBMS Characteristics \& Advantages, Database Environment, Database Users, Database Architecture, Data Independence, Languages, Tools and Interface in DBMS, DBMS types. Data Modelling: ER Model Notation used in ER Diagram, Constraint, Types, Relationships in ER Model and other considerations in designing ER diagram. Enhanced ER data Model, EER Diagram, Re lational Model: concepts, constraints, schemas, ER to Relational Model.

Relational Algebra \& SQL: Relational Algebra :Operators in relational algebra, Data Definition and other languages in SQL, Creating tables and Data types, Constraints, DML statements, Functions and writing SQL statements using nested sub queries, complex queries, joining relations, views, compound statements, user defined functions, user defined procedures. cursors, Triggers.

Database Design: Guide lines for good database design, Normalization- Normal Forms, First, Second, Third Normal Forms, BCNF, Multi value and join dependencies, 4th and 5th normal forms. File and storage structures: File storage, Indexstructures,Indexing and hashing, query processing and optimization.

Transaction Management \&Recovery Techniques: Transaction processing issues, Transaction states problems during multiple transactions processing, ACID properties, system log and concurrency control techniques: Lock based techniques, and Timestamp based techniques, Multiversion based Techniques. Recovery concepts, shadow paging, ARIES.

## SuggestedBooks:

| S. <br> No. | Author(s)/Title/ Edition No./ Publisher | Year of <br> Publication |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Ramez Elmasri and shamkant B Navathe, "Database Systems: <br> Models, Languages, Design and Application Programming", $6^{\text {th }}$ Ed., <br> Pearson Education. | $\mathbf{2 0 1 3}$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | . CONNOLLY,Database Systems : A Practical Approach to Design, <br> Implementation and Management, $6^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Pearson Education | Latest <br> Eddition |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | A.Silberschatz Henry F Korth,S.Sudarsan, "Database System <br> Concepts", $6^{\text {th }}$ Ed., Tata McGrawhHill | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1}$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Raghu RamaKrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, "Database Management <br> Systems", 3 ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Ed., Tata McGraw Hill. | $\mathbf{2 0 1 4}$ |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | Ivan Bayross, "SQL, PL/SQL: The Programming Language of <br> Oracle", 2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Ed., BPB Publications. | Latest Eddition |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | C. J. Date, A. Kannan and S. Swamynathan, An Introduction to <br> Database Systems, $8^{\text {th }}$ Ed., PearsonEducation. | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ |

List of Lab Experiments:

## Experiment 1:

Introduction to DBS lab, Tools used in the lab(TerraER2.23for ER diagrams, MYSQL5.7server and client)

Draw an ER diagram that captures thisinformationabout university database by considering the followinginformation

- Professors have an SSN, a name, an age, a rank, and a researchspecialty.
- Projects have a project number, a sponsor name (e.g., NSF), a starting date, an ending date, and abudget.
- Graduate students have an SSN, a name, an age, and a degree program (e.g., M.S. or Ph.D.).
- Each project is managed by one professor (known as the project's principalinvestigator).
- Each project is worked on by one or more professors (known as the projects coinvestigators).
- Professors can manage and/or work on multiple projects.
- Each project is worked on by one or more graduate students (known as the project's researchassistants).
- When graduate students work on a project, a professor must supervise their work on the project.
- Graduate students can work on multiple projects, in which case they will have a (potentially different) supervisor for eachone.
- Departments have a department number, a department name, and a mainoffice.
- Departments have a professor (known as the chairman) who runs thedepartment.
- Professors work in one or more departments, and for each department that they work in, a
time percentage is associated with theirjob.
- Graduate students have one major department in which they are working on theirDegree.
- Each graduate student has another, more senior graduate student (known as a Student advisor) who advises him or her on what courses to take.
- Capture dependent details of the professor to offer medical insurance to theirfamily.
- Capture information regarding the clients who sponsored projects to theprofessors.
- Capture informationregardingthe
expenditure and income and details of the project along with PIdetails.


## ELECTIVE-II

18AM2021- Fuzzy mathematics and applications

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2021

| CO <br> No: | Course out come | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Understand cartesian Product of Crisp Sets <br> Crisp Relations on Sets. | PO1, <br> PO2 <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Explain Concept on a Fuzzy Set. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Apply Projections of Fuzzy Relations and sets | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Apply fuzzy methods in control theory | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Crisp set, Fuzzy set theory, Fuzzy relations, Fuzzy logic, s witching functions and switching circuits, applications fuzzy methods in control theory.

## Syllabus

CRISP SET THEORY: Introduction; Relations between Sets; Operations on Sets; Characteristic Functions; Cartesian Product of Crisp Sets; Crisp Relations on Sets.

FUZZY SET THEORY: Introduction; Concept on a Fuzzy Set; Relations between Fuzzy Sets; Operations of Fuzzy Sets; Properties of the Standard Operations; Certain numbers Associated with a Fuzzy Set; Certain Crisp Sets Associated with a Fuzzy Set; Certain Fuzzy Sets Associated with a Given Fuzzy Set; Extension Principle.

FUZZY RELATIONS: Introduction; Fuzzy Relations; Operations on Fuzzy Relations; $\alpha$-Cuts of a Fuzzy Relation; Composition of Fuzzy Relations; Projections of Fuzzy Relations; Cylindrical Extensions; Cylindrical Closure; Fuzzy Relation on a Domain.

FUZZY LOGIC: Introduction; Three-valued Logics; $N$-valued Logics $N \geq 4$; Infinite- valued Logics; Fuzzy Logics; Fuzzy Propositions and Their Interpretations in Terms of Fuzzy Sets; Fuzzy Rules and Their Interpretations in Terms of Fuzzy Relations.

SWITCHING FUNCTIONS AND SWITCHING CIRCUITS: Introduction; Switching Functions; Disjunctive Normal Form; Relation between Switching Functions and Switching Circuits; Equivalence of Circuits; Simplification of Circuits.

APPLICATIONS FUZZY METHODS IN CONTROL THEORY:
Introduction; Introduction to Fuzzy Logic Controller; Fuzzy Expert Systems; Classical Control Theory vs. Fuzzy Control; Illustrative Examples; Working of an FLC through Examples; Details of the Components of FLC; Mathematical Formulation of an FLC; Real-life Examples.

Suggested books:

| S. No. | Name of Authors / Books / Publishers | Year of <br> Publication |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | M. Ganesh, Introduction to Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic, PHI. | 2001 |
| 2 | G. J. Klir and B. Yuan, Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic theory and <br> applications, PHI. | 1997 |
| 3 | T.J.Ross, Fuzzy Logic with engineering Applications, McGraw-Hill Inc. | 1995 |
| 4 | H.J.Zimmerman, Fuzzy sets, Decision making and expert systems, <br> Kluwer, Boston. | 1987 |


| L-T-P/S | $3-0-2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 5 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2022

| CO <br> No: | Course out come | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Find of Eigen Values of a Matrix by using poer and Jacobi <br> methods. | PO1,PO2 <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Solve initial value problems. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Classify and solve PDE. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Apply Galerkins, Rayleigh-Ritz methods and their compatibility. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Eigen values of a matrix, Initial value problems, inverse interpolation, Finite difference, Elliptic, Hy perbolic and parabolic PDE. Syllabus

Computations of Eigen Values of a Matrix: Power method for dominant, subdominant and smallest eigen-values, Method of inflation, Jacobi, Givens and Householder methods for symmetric matrices, LR and QR methods.

Initial Value Proble ms: Multistep methods, the ir error analysis and stability analysis.

Inverse interpolation: Their developments and applications
Finite Difference: Review of finite difference operators, finite difference methods.

Elliptic PDE: Five point formulae for Laplacian, replacement for Dirichlet and Neumann's boundary conditions, curved boundaries, solution on a rectangular domain, block tri-diagonal form and its solution using method of Hockney, condition of convergence.

Parabolic PDE: Concept of compatibility, convergence and stability, Explicit, full implicit, Crank-Nicholson, du-Fort and Frankel scheme, ADI methods to solve twodimensional equations with error analysis.

Hype rbolic PDE: Solution of hyperbolic equations using FD, and Method of characteristics,Limitations and Error analysis.

Weighted residual methods: Collogation, least squares, Galerkins, Rayleigh-Ritz methods and their compatibility.

Suggested books:

| S. No. | Name of Authors / Books / Publishers | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Gerald, C. F. and Wheatly P. O., "Applied Numerical Analys is", 6th Ed., <br> Addison-Wesley Publishing | 2002 |
| 2 | Smith, G. D., "Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations", <br> Oxford University Press. | 2001 |
| 3 | Jain, M. K., "Numerical Solution of Differential Equations", John Wiley. | 1991 |
| 4 | Fausett, L. V., "Applied Numerical Analysis", Prentice Hall, 2nd Ed. | 2007 |
| 5 | Froberg, C. E., "Introduction to Numerical Analysis", 2nd Ed., Addison <br> Wesley. | 2004 |

## 2018-19 M.Sc (Applied Mathematics Curriculum)

18AM2023- Design and Analysis of Algorithms

| L-T-P/S | $3-0-2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 5 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2023

| CO <br> No: | Course out come | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Understand notions of algorithm, pseudo code conventions, <br> Performance analysis, Time and space . | PO1, PO2 <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Solve the recurrence relations | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Develop the search algorithms. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Apply naive string matching algorithm, The Rabin-Karp algorithm. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Pseudo code conventions, Performance analysis, Recurrence relations, Merger sort, Quick sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication method. Introduction to dynamic programming.

## Syllabus

Notion of algorithm, pseudo code conventions, Performance analysis, Time and space complexities, Asymptotic notation, Big oh notation, omega notation, theta notation, Average and worst case analysis, Probabilistic analysis, Amortized analysis.

Recurrence relations, Divide and conquer relations, Solving of recurrences by iteration method and substitution method, Master theorem, Binary search algorithm, Merger sort, Quick sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication method.

Greedy strategy, Huffman coding algorithm, Data structures of disjoint sets, Complexity analysis of Depth first search, Breadth first search, Prim's algorithm, Kruskal's algorithm, Dijkstra's and Bellman-Ford algorithms, Knapsack problem, Warshall's and Floyd's algorithms.

Introduction to dynamic programming, Principle of optimality, Optimal binary search trees, Matrix-chain multiplication, Longest common subsequence.

String matching, The naive string matching algorithm, The Rabin-Karp algorithm. Introduction to computability, Reducibility, Polynomial-time verification, NPcompleteness, NP-complete problems.

Suggested books:

| S. No. | Name of Authors / Books /Publishers | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Cormen T. H., Leiserson C. E., Rivest R. L. and Stein C., "Introduction to <br> Algorithms", Prentice Hall India, (3rd Edition) | 2004 |
| 2 | Aho A. V., Hopcroft J. E. and Ullman J. D., "The Design and Analysis of <br> Computer Algorithms", Pearson Education | 2002 |
| 3 | Horowitz E., Sahni S. and Rajasekaran S., "Fundamentals of Computer <br> Algorithms", Orient Longman | 2006 |
| 4 | Kleinberg J. and Tardos E., "Algorithm Design", Pearson Education | 2008 |
| 5 | Levitin A., 'Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithm", (2nd <br> edition) Pearson Education | 2003 |

2018-19 M.Sc (Applied Mathematics Curriculum)
ELECTIVE-III
18AM2031- Dynamical Systems

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2031

| CO <br> No: | Course out come | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Understand Periodic points, Itineraries, Invariant sets of one <br> dimensional maps. | PO1, PO2 <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Explain the functions with se veral variables | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Apply limit sets, Chaotic Attractors, Lyapunov Exponents | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Apply Periodic points of Higher Dimensional maps. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Periodic points, Itine raries, Invariant sets of one dimensional maps and Periodic points of higher dimensional maps. Functions with several variables.

Syllabus
Iteration of functions as dynamics: One dimensional maps. Functions with several variables

Periodic points of one dimensional maps: Periodic points, Iteration using the graph, Stability of periodic points, Critical points and Basins, Bifurcation of periodic points.

Itineraries for one-dimensional maps: Periodic points from transition Graphs, Topological Transitivity, Cantor sets, Piecewise expanding maps and sub shifts, Applications Invariant sets for one dimensional maps: Limit sets, Chaotic Attractors, Lyapunov Exponents Invariant measures, Applications. Periodic points of Higher Dimensional maps: Dynamics of Linear maps, classification of periodic points, stable manifolds, Hyperbolic Toral automorphisms, Applications.

## Suggested books:

| S. No. | Name of Authors / Books / Publishers | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | R. Clark Robinson, An Introduction to Dynamical Systems- continuous <br> and discrete, Second Edition, AMS | 2012 |
| 2 | Anatole Katok, Introduction to Modern theory of Dynamical systems, <br> Cambridge University press. | 1997 |
| 3 | Boris Hasselblatt, Anatole Katok, First Course in Dynamics: with a <br> Panorama of Recent Developments, Cambridge University press <br> 68 | 2003 |

## 18AM2032- Number Theory

| L-T-P/S | $4-0-0$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 4 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2032

| CO <br> No: | Course out come | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Under stand divisibility, Euclidean algorithm,, Fundamental theorem of arithmetic, <br> Congruences, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Euler's totient function, Euler-Fermat <br> theorem, Wilson's theorem. | PO1, <br> PO2 <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Identify the residue systems, Quadratic residues, quadratic reciprocity, the Jacobi <br> symbols. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Develop the Mobius function and Mobius inversion formula, finite and infinite <br> continued fractions. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Explain the concepts of cryptography, public key cryptography, RSA. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Divisibility, Euclidean algorithm, Linear Diophantine equations, solutions of linear congruences, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Euler's totient function, Euler-Fermat theore m, Wilson's theorem. Introduction to cryptography, public key cryptography, RSA.

## Syllabus

Divisibility, Euclidean algorithm, Linear Diophantine equations, Prime numbers, Fundamental theorem of arithmetic, Prime number theorem (statement only). Congruences, solutions of linear congruences, Chinese Remainder Theorem, Euler's totient function, Euler-Fermat theorem, Wilson's theorem, non-linear congruences, Hensel's lemma, primitive roots and power residues. Polynomial congruences, Reduced residue systems.Quadratic residues, quadratic reciprocity, the Jacobi symbols. The greatest integer function, Arithmetic functions, Mobius function and Mobius inversion formula.Finite continued fractions, infinite continued fractions, approximation to irrational numbers. Introduction to cryptography, public key cryptography, RSA.

Suggested books:

| S. No. | Name of Authors / Books / Publishers | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Niven I., Zuckerman H. S., and Montgomery H. L., "An Introduction to the <br> Theory <br> of Numbers", John Wiley \& Sons (5th Ed.) | 1991 |
| 2 | Hardy, G., H. and Wright, E. M, "An Introduction to the Theory of Numbers ", <br> Oxford University Press (6th Ed.) | 2008 |
| 3 | Burton D., M., "Elementary Number Theory", McGraw Hill (7 th Ed.) | 2010 |
| 4 | Andrews G. E., "Number Theory", Dover Publications | 1994 |
| 5 | Koblitz N., A Course in Number Theory and Cryptography, Springer (2nd Ed.) | 1994 |

18AM2033- Mathematical Modeling

| L-T-P/S | $3-0-2$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Credits | 5 |
| Contact Hours | 4 |

Table 3.2 Course Outcomes of 18AM2033

| CO <br> No: | Course out come | PO/PSO | BTL |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Understand the Merits and Demerits of Mathematical Modeling. | PO1, PO2 <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Solve linear , Non-linear Difference equations. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Identify various mathematical models and solve them. | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Solve the wave equation, Vibrating string, Traffic flow problems | PO1, <br> PSO1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |

Merits and Demerits of Mathematical Modeling, Introduction to difference equations, Non-linear Difference equations, Introduction to Continuous Models, Carbon Dating, Fluid flow through a porous medium.

## Syllabus

Mathe matical Modeling, History of Mathematical Modeling, latest de velopment in Mathematical Modeling, Merits and Demerits of Mathematical Modeling.

Introduction to difference equations, Non-linear Difference equations, Steady state solution and linear stability analysis. Introduction to Discrete Models, Linear Models, Growth models,

Decay models, Newton's Law of Cooling, Bank Account Problem and mortgage problem, Drug Delivery Problem, Harrod Model of Economic growth, War Model, Lake pollution model, Alcohol in the bloodstream model, Arm Race models, Linear PreyPredator models, Density dependent growth models with harvesting,

Introduction to Continuous Models, Carbon Dating, Drug Distribution in the Body, Growth and decay of current in a L-R Circuit, Horizontal Oscillations, Vertical Oscillations, Damped Force Oscillation, Dynamics of Rowing, Combat Models, Mathematical Model of Influenza Infection (within host), Epidemic Models (SI, SIR, SIRS, SIC), Spreading of rumour model, Steady State solutions, Linearization and Local Stability Analysis, logistic and gomperzian growth, prey-predator model, Competition models.

Fluid flow through a porous medium, heat flow through a small thin rod (one dimensional), Wave equation, Vibrating string, Traffic flow, Theory of Car-following, Crime Model, Linear stability Analysis: on® hnd two species models with diffusion, Conditions for diffusive instability with examples.

Suggested books:

| S. No. | Name of Authors /Books / Publishers | Year of <br> Publication/ <br> Reprint |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Albright, B., "Mathematical Modeling with Excel", Jones and Bartlett <br> Publishers. | 2010 |
| 2 | Marotto, F. R., "Introduction to Mathematical Modeling using Discrete <br> Dynamical Systems", Thomson Brooks/Cole. | 2006 |
| 3 | Kapur, J. N., "Mathematical Modeling", New Age International | 2005 |
| 4 | Barnes, B. and Fulford, G. R., "Mathematical Modelling with Case <br> Studies", CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group. | 2009 |
| 5 | Edsberg, L., "Introduction to Computation and Modeling for <br> Differential Equations", John Wiley and Sons. | 2008 |

